WEST VIRGINIA LEGISLATURE

2025 REGULAR SESSION

Introduced

House Bill 3102

By Delegates Vance and Bridges

[Introduced March 04, 2025; referred to the

Committee on Education]

1 A BILL to amend and reenact §18-5-45 of the Code of West Virginia, 1931, as amended, relating to 2 modifying the school calendar; and setting the school year to 160 days of instruction. Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia: ARTICLE 5. COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION. §18-5-45. School calendar. 1 (a) As used in this section: 2 (1) "Instructional day" means a day within the instructional term which meets the following 3 criteria: 4 (A) (1) Instruction is offered to students for at least the minimum number of minutes as 5 follows: 6 (i) (A) For early childhood programs as provided in §18-5-44(d) of this code; 7 (ii) (B) For schools with grade levels kindergarten through and including grade five, 315 8 minutes of instructional time per day; 9 (iii) (C) For schools with grade levels six through and including grade eight, 330 minutes of 10 instructional time per day; and 11 (iv) (D) For schools with grade levels nine through and including grade 42 twelve, 345 12 minutes of instructional time per day. 13 (B) (2) Instructional time is used for instruction and cocurricular activities; and 14 (C) (3) Other criteria as the state board determines appropriate. (2) "Cocurricular activities" are activities that are closely related to identifiable academic 15 16 programs or areas of study that serve to complement academic curricula as further defined by the 17 state board; and 18 (3) "Instruction delivered through alternative methods" means a plan developed by a 19 county board and approved by the state board for teachers to assign and grade work to be 20 completed by students on days when schools are closed due to inclement weather or other 21 unforeseen circumstances.

22 (b) Findings. –

23 (1) The primary purpose of the school system is to provide instruction for students.

24 (2) The school calendar, as defined in this section, is designed to define the school term25 both for employees and for instruction.

(3) The school calendar shall provide for one hundred eighty <u>160</u> separate instructional
 days or an equivalent amount of instructional time as provided in this section.

(c) The county board shall provide a school term for its schools that contains the following:
 (1) An employment term that excludes Saturdays and Sundays and consists of at least 200
 days, which need not be successive. The beginning and closing dates of the employment term
 may not exceed 48 weeks;

32 (2) (1) Within the employment term, an instructional term for students of no less than one
 hundred eighty 160 separate instructional days, which includes an inclement weather and
 emergencies plan designed to guarantee an instructional term for students of no less than one
 hundred eighty 160 separate instructional days, subject to the following:

(A) A county board may increase the length of the instructional day as defined in this
 section by at least 30 minutes per day to ensure that it achieves at least an amount of instructional
 time equivalent to one hundred and eighty <u>160</u> separate instructional days within its school
 calendar and:

40 (i) Apply up to five days of this equivalent time to cancel days lost due to necessary school41 closures;

(ii) Plan within its school calendar and not subject to cancellation and rescheduling as
instructional days up to an additional five days or equivalent portions of days, without students
present to be used as determined by the county board exclusively for activities by educators at the
school level designed to improve instruction; and

46 (iii) Apply any additional equivalent time to recover time lost due to late arrivals and early47 dismissals;

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48	(B) Subject to approval of its plan by the state board, a county board may deliver instruction
49	through alternative methods on up to five days when schools are closed due to inclement weather
50	or other unforeseen circumstances and these days are instructional days notwithstanding the
51	closure of schools; and
52	(C) The use of equivalent time gained by lengthening the school day to cancel days lost,
53	and the delivery of instruction through alternative methods, both as defined in this section, shall be
54	considered instructional days for the purpose of meeting the 180 160 separate day requirement
55	and as employment days for the purpose of meeting the 200 day employment term; and
56	(D) The instructional term for students shall begin no earlier than September 1 and end no
57	later than May 31 each school year: <i>Provided</i> , That nothing in this subdivision may apply to any
58	school operating on a balanced calendar as defined by state board policy
59	(3) (2) Within the employment term, noninstructional days shall total twenty 30 and shall be
60	comprised of the following:
61	A. <u>(A)</u> Seven paid holidays;
62	B. (B) Election day as specified in section two, article five, chapter eighteen a <u>§18A-5-2</u> of
63	this code;
64	G_{-} (C) Six days to be designated by the county board to be used by the employees outside
65	the school environment, with at least four outside the school environment days scheduled to occur
66	after the 130th instructional day of the school calendar.
67	(3) The remaining days to be designated by the county board for purposes to include, but
68	not be limited to:
69	(i) Curriculum development;
70	(ii) Professional development;
71	(iii) Teacher-pupil-parent conferences;
72	(iv) Professional meetings and collaboration;
73	(v) Making up days when instruction was scheduled but not conducted; and

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74	(vi) At least six two-hour blocks of time for faculty senate meetings with at least one two-
75	hour block of time scheduled in the first month of the employment term, at least one two-hour block
76	of time scheduled in the last month of the employment term and at least one two-hour block of time
77	scheduled in each of the months of October, December, February, and April; and
78	(4) Scheduled out-of-calendar days that are to be used for instructional days in the event
79	school is canceled for any reason.
80	(d) A county board of education shall develop a policy that requires additional minutes of
81	instruction in the school day or additional days of instruction to recover time lost due to late arrivals
82	and early dismissals.
83	(e) If it is not possible to complete one hundred eighty <u>160</u> separate instructional days with
84	the current school calendar and the additional five days of instructional time gained by increasing
85	the length of the instructional day as provided in subsection (c) of this section are insufficient to
86	offset the loss of separate instructional days, the county board shall schedule instruction on any
87	available noninstructional day, regardless of the purpose for which the day originally was
88	scheduled, or an out-of-calendar day and the day will be used for instruction of students: Provided,

90 (1) Holidays;

91 (2) Election day;

92 (3) Saturdays and Sundays; and

93 (4) The five days or equivalent portions of days planned within the school calendar
94 exclusively for activities by educators at the school level to improve instruction that are gained by
95 increasing the length of the instructional day as provided in subsection (c) of this section.

96 (f) The instructional term shall commence and terminate on a date selected by the county97 board.

(g) The state board may not schedule the primary statewide assessment program more
 than thirty <u>30</u> days prior to the end of the instructional year unless the state board determines that

100 the nature of the test mandates an earlier testing date. (h) The following applies to co-curricular activities: 101 102 (1) The state board shall determine what activities may be considered co-curricular; 103 (2) The state board shall determine the amount of instructional time that may be consumed 104 by co-curricular activities; and 105 (3) Other requirements or restrictions the state board may provide in the rule required to be 106 promulgated by this section. 107 (i) Extracurricular activities may not be used for instructional time. 108 (j) Noninstructional interruptions to the instructional day shall be minimized to allow the 109 classroom teacher to teach. 110 (k) Prior to implementing the school calendar, the county board shall secure approval of its 111 proposed calendar from the state board or, if so designated by the state board, from the state 112 superintendent. 113 (I) In formulation of a school's calendar, a county school board shall hold at least two public 114 meetings that allow parents, teachers, teacher organizations, businesses, and other interested 115 parties within the county to discuss the school calendar. The public notice of the date, time, and 116 place of the public hearing must be published in a local newspaper of general circulation in the 117 area as a Class II legal advertisement, in accordance with the provisions of article three, chapter

118 fifty-nine <u>§59-3-1 et seq.</u> of this code

(m) The county board may contract with all or part of the personnel for a longer term ofemployment.

(n) The minimum instructional term may be decreased by order of the state superintendent
 in any county declared a federal disaster area and, in any county, subject to an emergency or
 disaster declaration by the Governor when the event causing the declaration is substantially
 related to the loss of instructional days in the county.

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(o) Notwithstanding any provision of this code to the contrary, the state board may grant a

- 126 waiver to a county board for its noncompliance with provisions of chapter eighteen, eighteen a,
- 127 eighteen b chapters 18, 18A, 18B, and eighteen c 18C of this code to maintain compliance in
- 128 reaching the mandatory one hundred eighty <u>160</u> separate instructional days established in this
- 129 section.
- 130 (p) The state board shall promulgate a rule in accordance with the provisions of article
- 131 three-b, chapter twenty-nine-a <u>§29A-3B-1 *et seq*</u>. of this code for the purpose of implementing the
- 132 provisions of this section.

NOTE: The purpose of this bill is to set the school calendar to 160 days of instruction.

Strike-throughs indicate language that would be stricken from a heading or the present law, and underscoring indicates new language that would be added.